

About this Reference Guide

This Reference Guide (“RG”) has been prepared and issued by Equity Trustees Limited (“Equity Trustees”, “we” or “Responsible Entity”). The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statement (“PDS”) for the Barrow Hanley Global Equity Trust (“Trust”) dated 15 July 2026.

The information provided in this RG is for general information only and does not take into account your individual objectives, financial situation or needs. You should obtain financial and taxation advice tailored to your personal circumstances.

Updated information

Information in the PDS and this RG is subject to change. Before making an investment in the Trust, you should ensure that you have read the current PDS and RG as at the date of your investment.

You can request a copy of the PDS and RG by visiting www.eqt.com.au/insto or www.perpetual.com.au or request a copy by calling Perpetual Investment Management Limited on 1800 022 033 (Australia). A paper copy of the updated information will also be provided free of charge on request.

Contents

- 1. Investing in the Barrow Hanley Global Equity Trust
- 2. Managing your investment
- 3. Withdrawing your investment
- 4. Environmental, social, governance and ethical factors (ESG)
- 5. Additional information on fees and costs
- 6. Other important information
- 7. Glossary

Investment Manager
Perpetual Investment Management Limited
ABN 18 000 866 535, AFSL 234426
GPO Box 4001, Sydney NSW 2001

Client Services
Perpetual Investment Management Limited
Ph: 1800 022 033 (Australia)
Email: wmenquiries@perpetual.com.au
Web: www.perpetual.com.au

Responsible Entity
Equity Trustees Limited
ABN 46 004 031 298, AFSL 240975
GPO Box 2307, Melbourne VIC 3001
Ph: +613 8623 5000
Web: www.eqt.com.au/insto

Delegated Investment Manager
Barrow, Hanley, Mewhinney & Strauss, LLC

1. Investing in the Barrow Hanley Global Equity Trust

Application cut-off times

If we receive a correctly completed Application Form/Additional Investment Form, identification documents (if applicable) and cleared application money:

- before 2pm (Sydney time) on a Business Day and your application for units is accepted, you will generally receive the Application Price calculated for that Business Day; or
- on or after 2pm (Sydney time) on a Business Day and your application for units is accepted, you will generally receive the Application Price calculated for the next Business Day.

Please see the PDS for information regarding how to apply.

Application terms

We will only start processing an application if:

- we consider that you have correctly completed the Application Form/Additional Investment Form;
- you have provided us with the relevant identification documents if required; and
- we have received the application money (in cleared funds) stated in your Application Form/Additional Investment Form.

2. Managing your investment

Authorised signatories

You can appoint a person, partnership or company as your authorised signatory. To do so, please nominate them on the Application Form and have them sign the relevant sections. If a company is appointed, the powers extend to any director and officer of the company. If a partnership is appointed, the powers extend to all partners. Such appointments will only be cancelled or changed once we receive written instructions from you to do so.

Once appointed, your authorised signatory has full access to operate your investment account for and on your behalf. This includes the following:

- making additional investments;
- requesting income distribution instructions be changed;
- withdrawing all or part of your investment;
- changing bank account details; and
- enquiring and obtaining copies of the status of your investment.

If you do appoint an authorised signatory:

- you are bound by their acts;
- you release, discharge and indemnify us from and against any losses, liabilities, actions, proceedings, claims and demands arising from instructions received from your authorised signatory; and
- you agree that our acting on any instructions received from your authorised signatory shall amount to complete satisfaction of our obligations, even if these instructions were made without your knowledge or authority.

Reports

Investors will be provided with the following reports:

- application and withdrawal confirmation statements;
- transaction statements; and
- (where applicable), distribution and tax statements.

Annual audited financial accounts are available on Equity Trustees' website.

3. Withdrawing your investment

Withdrawal cut-off times

If we receive a withdrawal request:

- before 2pm (Sydney time) on a Business Day and your withdrawal request is accepted, you will generally receive the Withdrawal Price calculated for that Business Day; or
- on or after 2pm (Sydney time) on a Business Day and your withdrawal request is accepted, you will generally receive the Withdrawal Price calculated for the next Business Day.

Please see the PDS for information regarding how to request a withdrawal.

Withdrawal terms

Once we receive your withdrawal request, we may act on your instruction without further enquiry if the instruction bears your account number or investor details and your (apparent) signature(s), or your authorised signatory's (apparent) signature(s).

We may contact you to check your details before processing your withdrawal request but are not obliged to. This may cause a delay in finalising payment of your withdrawal money. No interest is payable for any delay in finalising payment of your withdrawal money.

We are not responsible or liable if you do not receive, or are late in receiving, any withdrawal money that is paid according to your instructions.

When you are withdrawing, you should take note of the following:

- Withdrawals will only be paid to the investor.
- We reserve the right to fully redeem your investment if, as a result of processing your request, your investment balance in the Trust falls below the minimum balance set out in the PDS.
- If we cannot satisfactorily identify you as the withdrawing investor, we may reject your withdrawal request or payment of your withdrawal proceeds will be delayed. We are not responsible for any loss you consequently suffer.
- As an investor who is withdrawing, you agree that any payment made according to instructions received by post, courier, email or fax, shall be a complete satisfaction of our obligations, despite any fact or circumstances such as the payment being made without your knowledge or authority.
- You agree that if the payment is made according to these terms, you, and any person claiming on your behalf, shall have no claim against us with regards to such payment.

Withdrawal restrictions

Under the Corporations Act, you do not have a right to withdraw from the Trust if the Trust is illiquid. In such circumstances, you will only be able to withdraw your investment if Equity Trustees makes a withdrawal offer in accordance with the Corporations Act. Equity Trustees is not obliged to make such offers.

The Trust will be deemed liquid if at least 80% of its assets are liquid assets (generally cash and marketable securities). In addition, we may at any time suspend consideration of withdrawal requests or defer our obligation to pay withdrawal proceeds if it is not possible, or not in the best interests of investors or former investors for us to do so, due to circumstances outside our control (such as restricted or suspended trading in a Trust asset).

4. Environmental, social, governance and ethical factors (ESG)

The Delegated Investment Manager considers environmental, social (including labour standards) and governance (ESG) factors when selecting, retaining or realising investments of the Trust, only to the extent ESG risks are relevant to the current or future financial value of an investment. The Delegated Investment Manager's consideration of ESG factors does not include making ethical judgments on particular practices or issues and it does not have a fixed view as to what it regards as ESG factors.

The Delegated Investment Manager's investment approach includes considering ESG factors as one of the matters that are relevant in its research and valuation analysis of a company. This analysis of ESG factors will include preparing a proprietary ESG Composite Score for a company. The score is prepared using external ESG ratings and internal research and is taken into account by Barrow Hanley in assessing the current or future value of the investment and whether to buy, retain or sell an investment.

The Delegated Investment Manager does not have a set approach or timeframe to monitoring or reviewing adherence to this process of considering ESG factors and where an ESG factor negatively impacts the current or future financial performance of an investment. They will consider whether to select, retain or sell it on a case by case basis.

Where the Delegated Investment Manager believes it is in the interest of the relevant Trust's investors, they may also actively engage, either individually as a firm or jointly with other investors (as applicable), with companies to hold them accountable for their performance and conduct and, when necessary, facilitate change that will have a positive long-term effect on shareholder value. They may opt to escalate unsuccessful management engagements to the board-or-director level of the particular company or may consider divestment as a last resort.

Additionally, the Trust will not invest in companies that are directly involved in tobacco production, where, as determined by the Delegated Investment Manager, tobacco production accounts for 10% or more of a company's gross revenue (exclusionary screen).

The Delegated Investment Manager draws on external research, believed to be accurate, to determine whether a company is subject to the exclusionary screen. They review companies subject to the exclusionary screen quarterly, and monitors the Trust's compliance with its investment guidelines (including the exclusionary screen) daily. If an investment no longer meets the exclusionary screen, they will divest the holding as soon as they consider appropriate, having regard to the interests of investors (and this will be on a case by case basis).

All reasonable care has been taken to implement the Trust's exclusionary screen to meet the criteria described above. However, as the nature and conduct of businesses may change over time, and publicly available financial or other financial information is not always comprehensive or up to date, we do not guarantee the Trust will meet the exclusionary screen at all times.

5. Additional information on fees and costs

DID YOU KNOW?

Small differences in both investment performance and fees and costs can have a substantial impact on your long-term returns. For example, total annual fees and costs of 2% of your investment balance rather than 1% could reduce your final return by up to 20% over a 30-year period (for example, reduce it from \$100,000 to \$80,000).

You should consider whether features such as superior investment performance or the provision of better member services justify higher fees and costs.

You may be able to negotiate to pay lower fees. Ask the Fund or your financial adviser.

TO FIND OUT MORE

If you would like to find out more, or see the impact of the fees based on your own circumstances, the **Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC)** Moneysmart website (www.moneysmart.gov.au) has a managed funds fee calculator to help you check out different fee options.

Fees and other costs

This section shows fees and other costs that you may be charged. These fees and costs may be deducted from your money, from the returns on your investment or from the assets of the managed investment scheme as a whole.

Taxes are set out in another part of this document. You should read all the information about fees and costs because it is important to understand their impact on your investment.

Barrow Hanley Global Equity Trust		
Type of fee or cost	Amount	How and when paid
Ongoing annual fees and costs¹		
<i>Management fees and costs</i> The fees and costs for managing your investment ²	0.99% of the NAV of the Trust	The management fees component of management fees and costs are accrued daily and paid from the Trust monthly in arrears and reflected in the unit price. Otherwise, the fees and costs are variable and deducted and reflected in the unit price of the Trust as they are incurred. The management fees component of management fees and costs can be negotiated. Please see “Differential fees” in the “Additional Explanation of Fees and Costs” for further information.
<i>Performance fees</i> Amounts deducted from your investment in relation to the performance of the product	Not applicable	Not applicable
<i>Transaction costs</i> The costs incurred by the scheme when buying or selling assets	0.02% of the NAV of the Trust	Transaction costs are variable and deducted from the Trust as they are incurred and reflected in the unit price. They are disclosed net of amounts recovered by the buy-sell spread.
Member activity related fees and costs (fees for services or when your money moves in or out of the scheme)		
<i>Establishment fee</i> The fee to open your investment	Not applicable	Not applicable
<i>Contribution fee</i> The fee on each amount contributed to your investment	Not applicable	Not applicable
<i>Buy-sell spread³</i> An amount deducted from your investment representing costs incurred in transactions by the scheme	0.15% upon entry and 0.10% upon exit	These costs are an additional cost to the investor but are incorporated into the unit price and arise when investing application monies and funding withdrawals from the Trust and are not separately charged to the investor. The Buy Spread is paid into the Trust as part of an application and the Sell Spread is left in the Trust as part of a redemption.

Type of fee or cost	Amount	How and when paid
<i>Withdrawal fee</i> The fee on each amount you take out of your investment	Not applicable	Not applicable
<i>Exit fee</i> The fee to close your investment	Not applicable	Not applicable
<i>Switching fee</i> The fee for changing investment options	Not applicable	Not applicable

¹ All fees quoted above are inclusive of Goods and Services Tax (GST) and net of any Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) unless stated otherwise. See below for more details as to how the relevant fees and costs are calculated.

² The management fee component of management fees and costs can be negotiated. See "Differential fees" in the "Additional Explanation of Fees and Costs" below. Until further notice, the management costs are capped, except for extraordinary expenses. If the total management costs exceed the cap, Perpetual Investment Management Limited will reimburse the amount of the excess costs to the Trust unless the excess is due to an extraordinary expense, such as a significant but properly recoverable legal expense, in which case the expense would be incurred by the Trust and reflected in the unit price of the Trust, and in that way borne by the investors in the Trust.

³ GST is not applicable to any Buy/Sell spread when you buy or sell units in the Trust.

Additional Explanation of Fees and Costs

Management fees and costs

The management fees and costs include amounts payable for administering and operating the Trust, investing the assets of the Trust, expenses and reimbursements in relation to the Trust and indirect costs if applicable.

Management fees and costs do not include performance fees or transaction costs, which are disclosed separately.

The management fees component of management fees and costs of 0.99% p.a. of the NAV of the Trust is payable to the Responsible Entity of the Trust for managing the assets and overseeing the operations of the Trust. The management fees component is accrued daily and paid from the Trust monthly in arrears and reflected in the unit price. As at the date of the PDS, the management fees component covers certain ordinary expenses such as Responsible Entity fees, investment management fees, custodian fees, and administration and audit fees.

The indirect costs and other expenses component of 0.00% p.a. of the NAV of the Trust may include other ordinary expenses of operating the Trust, as well as management fees and costs (if any) arising from interposed vehicles in or through which the Trust invests. The indirect costs and other expenses component is variable and reflected in the unit price of the Trust the relevant fees and costs are incurred. They are borne by investors, but they are not paid to the Responsible Entity or Investment Manager. The indirect costs and other expenses component is based on the relevant costs incurred during the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

Actual indirect costs for the current and future years may differ. If in future there is an increase to indirect costs disclosed in this PDS, updates will be provided on Equity Trustees' website at www.eqt.com.au/insto where they are not otherwise required to be disclosed to investors under law.

Transaction costs

In managing the assets of the Trust, the Trust may incur transaction costs such as brokerage, buy-sell spreads in respect of the underlying investments of the Trust, settlement costs, clearing costs and applicable stamp duty when assets are bought and sold. Transaction costs also include costs incurred by interposed vehicles in which the Trust invests (if any), that would have been transaction costs if they had been incurred by the Trust itself. Transaction costs are an additional cost to the investor where they are not recovered by the Buy/Sell Spread, and are generally incurred when the assets of the Trust are changed in connection with day-to-day trading or when there are applications or withdrawals which cause net cash flows into or out of the Trust.

The Buy/Sell Spread that is disclosed in the Fees and Costs Summary is a reasonable estimate of transaction costs that the Trust will incur when buying or selling assets of the Trust. These costs are an additional cost to the investor but are incorporated into the unit price and arise when investing application monies and funding withdrawals from the Trust and are not separately charged to the investor. The Buy Spread is paid into the Trust as part of an application and the Sell Spread is left in the Trust as part of a redemption and not paid to Equity Trustees or the Investment Manager. The estimated Buy/Sell Spread is 0.15% upon entry and 0.10% upon exit. The dollar value cost based on an application of \$25,000 is \$37.50 for each individual transaction. The dollar value cost based on a withdrawal of \$25,000 is \$25 for each individual transaction. The Buy/Sell Spread can be altered by the Responsible Entity at any time without notice to investors and www.perpetual.com.au will be updated as soon as practicable to reflect any change. The Responsible Entity may also waive the Buy/Sell Spread in part or in full at its discretion. The transaction costs figure in the Fees and Costs Summary is shown net of any amount recovered by the Buy/Sell Spread charged by the Responsible Entity.

Transaction costs generally arise through the day-to-day trading of the Trust's assets and are reflected in the Trust's unit price as an additional cost to the investor, as and when they are incurred.

The gross transaction costs for the Trust are 0.08% p.a. of the NAV of the Trust, which is based on the relevant costs incurred during the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

However, actual transaction costs for future years may differ.

Can the fees change?

Yes, all fees can change without investor consent, subject to the maximum fee amounts specified in the Constitution. The current maximum management fee to which Equity Trustees is entitled is 2.00% of the GAV of the Trust. However, Equity Trustees does not intend to charge that amount and will generally provide investors with at least 30 days' notice of any proposed increase to the management fees component of management fees and costs. In most circumstances, the Constitution defines the maximum level that can be charged for fees described in this PDS. Equity Trustees also has the right to recover all reasonable expenses incurred in relation to the proper performance of its duties in managing the Trust and as such these expenses may increase or decrease accordingly, without notice.

Payments to IDPS Operators

Subject to the law, annual payments may be made to some IDPS Operators because they offer the Fund on their investment menus. Product access is paid by the Investment Manager out of its investment management fee and is not an additional cost to the investor.

Differential fees

The Investment Manager may from time to time negotiate a different fee arrangement (by way of a rebate or waiver of fees) with certain investors who are Australian Wholesale Clients. Please contact the Investment Manager on 1800 022 033 (Australia) for further information.

Taxation

Please refer to Section 7 of the Product Disclosure Statement and Section 5 of this Reference Guide for further information on taxation.

6. Other important information

Taxation

The following information summarises some of the Australian taxation issues you may wish to consider before making an investment in the Trust. This information assumes that you are an Australian resident taxpayer and hold your investment in the Trust on capital account. The information should be used as a guide only and does not constitute professional tax advice as individual circumstances may differ.

It is recommended that investors seek their own professional advice, specific to their own circumstances, of the taxation implications of investing in the Trust.

General

The Trust is an Australian resident trust for Australian tax purposes and has made a choice to be an Attribution Managed Investment Trust ("AMIT"). The Trust is required to break down its income (net of fees and expenses) into trust components of assessable income, exempt income, non-assessable non-exempt income and tax offsets (i.e. credits). This means that investors will be subject to tax on the trust components attributed to them, and that the Trust will not be subject to Australian income tax.

In the case where the Trust makes a loss for Australian tax purposes, the Trust cannot distribute the tax loss to investors. However, the tax loss may be carried forward by the Trust for offset against taxable income of the Trust in subsequent years, subject to the operation of the trust loss rules.

Attribution Managed Investment Trust ("AMIT") – core rules

Equity Trustees as the Responsible Entity of the Trust attributes trust components of a particular character to investors on a fair and reasonable basis consistent with the operation of the Trust's Constitution. Under the AMIT rules, the following apply:

Unders or overs adjustments: Where the Trust's determined trust components for a year are revised in a subsequent year (e.g. due to actual amounts differing to the estimates of income, gains / losses or expenses), then unders and overs may arise. Unders and overs will generally be carried forward and taken into account in the year of discovery.

Cost base adjustments: Where the distribution is less than (or more than) the trust components attributed to investors, then the cost base of an investor's units will need to be increased or decreased as appropriate. Details of cost base adjustments will be included on an investor's annual tax statement, referred to as an AMIT Member Annual Statement ("AMMA").

Large withdrawals: In certain circumstances, gains may be attributed to a specific investor, for example, gains on disposal of assets to fund a large withdrawal being attributed to the redeeming investor.

Taxation Reform

The tax information included in this PDS is based on the taxation legislation and administrative practice as at the issue date of this PDS, together with proposed changes to the taxation legislation as announced by the Government. However, the Australian tax system is in a continuing state of reform, and based on the Government's reform agenda, it is likely to escalate rather than diminish. Any reform of a tax system creates uncertainty as to the full extent of announced reforms, or uncertainty as to the meaning of new law that is enacted pending interpretation through the judicial process. These reforms may impact on the tax position of the Fund and its investors. Accordingly, it will be necessary to closely monitor the progress of these reforms, and investors should seek their own professional advice, specific to their own circumstances, of the taxation implications of investing in the Fund.

Tax File Number ("TFN") and Australian Business Number ("ABN")

It is not compulsory for an investor to quote their TFN or ABN. If an investor is making this investment in the course of a business or enterprise, the investor may quote an ABN instead of a TFN. Failure by an investor to quote an ABN or TFN or claim an exemption may cause the Responsible Entity to withhold tax at the top marginal rate, plus the Medicare Levy, on gross payments including distributions or attribution of income to the investor. The investor may be able to claim a credit in their tax return for any tax withheld. Collection of TFNs is permitted under taxation and privacy legislation.

By quoting their TFN or ABN, the investor authorises Equity Trustees to apply it in respect of all the investor's investments with Equity Trustees. If the investor does not want to quote their TFN or ABN for some investments, Equity Trustees should be advised.

GST

The Trust is registered for GST. The issue or withdrawal of units in the Trust and receipt of distributions are not subject to GST.

The Trust may be required to pay GST in relation to management and other fees, charges, costs and expenses. The Trust will claim a proportion of the GST paid as a RITC. Unless otherwise stated, fees and charges quoted in this PDS are inclusive of GST and take into account any available RITC.

The impact of GST payments and credits will be reflected in the unit price of the Trust.

Australian Taxation of Australian Resident Investors

The tax consequences for investors in the Trust depends on the tax components of the Trust attributed to them.

Investors will receive an AMMA statement detailing trust components attributed to them, including any Foreign Income Tax Offset ("FITO"), franking credits and any upwards or downwards cost base adjustments required to be made to their units in the Trust.

Where an investor has made a large withdrawal from the Trust, the Responsible Entity may attribute to them their share of the determined tax components of the Trust. In addition, because investors can move into and out of the Trust at different points in time, there is the risk that you may receive back some of your capital as income in a distribution.

Foreign Income

The Trust may derive foreign source income that is subject to tax overseas. Australian resident investors should include the foreign income, including any foreign tax withheld which has been attributed to them in their assessable income. In such circumstances, investors may be entitled to a FITO for the foreign tax paid, which will be applied to reduce the Australian tax payable on the foreign source income. To the extent the investors do not have sufficient foreign source income from all sources, to utilise all of the FITOs relevant to a particular year of income, the excess FITOs cannot be carried forward to a future income year.

Disposal of Units by Australian Resident Investors

If an Australian resident investor transfers or redeems their units in the Trust, this will generally constitute a disposal for tax purposes.

Where an investor holds their units in the Trust on capital account, a capital gain or loss may arise on disposal and each investor will need to calculate their capital gain or loss taking into account their own particular facts and circumstances. As noted above, proceeds on disposal may include a component of distributable income.

Australian Taxation of Non-Resident Investors

Australian withholding tax may be withheld from distributions of certain Australian source income and gains attributed to a non-resident investor.

We recommend that non-resident investors seek independent tax advice before investing, taking into account their particular circumstances and the provisions of any relevant Double Taxation Agreement/Exchange of Information Agreement ("EOI") between Australia and their country of residence.

Your privacy

The Australian Privacy Principles contained in the Privacy Act 1988 (Cth) ("Privacy Act") regulate the way in which we collect, use, disclose, and otherwise handle your personal information. Equity Trustees is committed to respecting and protecting the privacy of your personal information, and our Privacy Policy details how we do this.

It is important to be aware that, in order to provide our products and services to you, Equity Trustees may need to collect personal information about you and any other individuals associated with the product or service offering. In addition to practical reasons, this is necessary to ensure compliance with our legal and regulatory obligations (including under the Corporations Act, the AML/CTF Act and taxation legislation). If you do not provide the information requested, we may not be able to process your application, administer, manage, invest, pay or transfer your investment(s).

You must therefore ensure that any personal information you provide to Equity Trustees is true and correct in every detail. If any of this personal information (including your contact details) changes, you must promptly advise us of the changes in writing. While we will generally collect your personal information from you, your broker or adviser or the Investment Manager and Administrator directly, we may also obtain or confirm information about you from publicly available sources in order to meet regulatory obligations.

In terms of how we deal with your personal information, Equity Trustees will use it for the purpose of providing you with our products and services and complying with our regulatory obligations. Equity Trustees may also disclose it to other members of our corporate group, or to third parties who we work with or engage for these same purposes. Such third parties may be situated in Australia or offshore, however we take reasonable steps to ensure that they will comply with the Privacy Act when collecting, using or handling your personal information.

The types of third parties that we may disclose your information to include, but are not limited to:

- stockbrokers, financial advisers or adviser dealer groups, their service providers and/or any joint holder of an investment;
- those providing services for administering or managing the Trust, including the Investment Manager, Custodian and Administrator, auditors, or those that provide mailing or printing services;
- our other service providers;
- regulatory bodies such as ASIC, ATO, APRA and AUSTRAC; and
- other third parties who you have consented to us disclosing your information to, or to whom we are required or permitted by law to disclose information to.

Equity Trustees or the Investment Manager may from time to time provide you with direct marketing and/or educational material about products and services they believe may be of interest to you. You have the right to "opt out" of such communications by contacting us using the contact details below.

In addition to the above information, Equity Trustees' Privacy Policy contains further information about how we handle your personal information, and how you can access information held about you, seek a correction to that information, or make a privacy-related complaint.

Full details of Equity Trustees' Privacy Policy are available at www.eqt.com.au. You can also request a copy by contacting Equity Trustees' Privacy Officer on +61 3 8623 5000 or by email to privacy@eqt.com.au.

The Constitution

The Trust is governed by a constitution that sets out the Trust's operation (the "Constitution"). The Constitution, together with the Trust's PDS, the Corporations Act and other laws, regulate our legal relationship with investors in the Trust. If you invest in the Trust, you agree to be bound by the terms of the Trust's PDS and the Trust's Constitution. You can request a copy of the Constitution free of charge from Equity Trustees. Please read these documents carefully before investing in the Trust.

We may amend the Constitution from time to time in accordance with the provisions in the Constitution and the Corporations Act.

Anti-Money Laundering and Counter Terrorism Financing ("AML/CTF")

Australia's AML/CTF laws require Equity Trustees to adopt and maintain a written AML/CTF Program. A fundamental part of the AML/CTF Program is that Equity Trustees must hold up-to-date information about investors (including beneficial owner information) in the Trust.

To meet this legal requirement, we need to collect certain identification information (including beneficial owner information) and documentation ("KYC Documents") from new investors. Existing investors may also be asked to provide KYC Documents as part of an ongoing customer due diligence/verification process to comply with AML/CTF laws. If applicants or investors do not provide the applicable KYC Documents when requested, Equity Trustees may be unable to process an application, or may be unable to provide products or services to existing investors until such time as the information is provided.

In order to comply with AML/CTF Laws, Equity Trustees may also disclose information including your personal information that it holds about the applicant, an investor, or any beneficial owner, to its related bodies corporate or service providers, or relevant regulators of AML/CTF Laws (whether inside or outside Australia). Equity Trustees may be prohibited by law from informing applicants or investors that such reporting has occurred.

Equity Trustees, the Investment Manager and the Delegated Investment Manager shall not be liable to applicants or investors for any loss you may suffer because of compliance with the AML/CTF laws.

Indirect Investors

You may be able to invest indirectly in the Trust via an IDPS by directing the IDPS Operator to acquire units on your behalf. If you do so, you will need to complete the relevant forms provided by the IDPS Operator and not the Application Form accompanying the PDS. This will mean that you are an Indirect Investor in the Trust and not an investor of the Trust. Indirect Investors do not acquire the rights of an investor as such rights are acquired by the IDPS Operator who may exercise, or decline to exercise, these rights on your behalf.

Indirect Investors do not receive reports or statements from us and the IDPS Operator's application and withdrawal conditions determine when you can direct the IDPS Operator to apply or redeem. Your rights as an Indirect Investor should be set out in the IDPS Guide or other disclosure document issued by the IDPS Operator.

Information on underlying investments

Information regarding the underlying investments of the Trust will be provided to an investor of the Trust on request, to the extent Equity Trustees is satisfied that such information is required to enable the investor to comply with its statutory reporting obligations. This information will be supplied within a reasonable timeframe having regard to these obligations.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (“FATCA”)

Australian financial institutions are required to collect and review their information to identify U.S. residents and U.S. controlling persons that invest in assets through non-U.S. entities. This information is reported to the ATO. The ATO may then pass that information onto the U.S. Internal Revenue Service.

Under FATCA, Australian financial institutions are required to collect and review their information to identify U.S. residents and U.S. controlling persons that invest in assets through non-U.S. entities. This information is reported to the Australian Taxation Office (“ATO”). The ATO may then pass that information onto the U.S. Internal Revenue Service.

In order to comply with the FATCA obligations, we may request certain information from you. Failure to comply with FATCA obligations may result in the Trust, to the extent relevant, being subject to a 30% withholding tax on payment of U.S. income or gross proceeds from the sale of certain U.S. investments. If the Trust suffers any amount of FATCA withholding and is unable to obtain a refund for the amounts withheld, we will not be required to compensate investors for any such withholding and the effect of the amounts withheld will be reflected in the returns of the Trust.

Common Reporting Standard (“CRS”)

Australian financial institutions need to document and identify reportable accounts, implement due diligence procedures and report certain information with respect to reportable accounts to the ATO. The ATO may then exchange this information with foreign tax authorities in the relevant signatory countries.

In order to comply with the CRS obligations, we may request certain information from you. Unlike FATCA, there is no withholding tax that is applicable under CRS.

In order to comply with the CRS obligations, we may request certain information from you. Unlike FATCA, there is no withholding tax that is applicable under CRS.

7. Glossary

ABN

Australian Business Number.

Additional Investment Form

The form used by investors who wish to subscribe for additional units directly in the Trust. Available from the Online Investor Portal at www.perpetual.com.au or by calling Perpetual Investment Management Limited’s Client Services on 1800 022 033(Australia).

AFSL

Australian Financial Services Licence.

APIR Code

This is a unique code for products in the financial services industry.

Application Form

The application form used by applicants who wish to subscribe for units directly in the Trust accompanying this PDS. Please refer to the Online Investor Portal at www.perpetual.com.au or call Perpetual Investment Management Limited’s Client Services on 1800 022 033 (Australia).

APRA

Australian Prudential Regulation Authority.

ARSN

Australian Registered Scheme Number.

ASIC

Australian Securities and Investments Commission.

ATO

Australian Taxation Office

AUD or \$

Australian dollars.

AUSTRAC

Australian Transaction Reports and Analysis Centre.

Benchmark

MSCI World Net Total Return Index (AUD).

Bottom-up

An investment strategy in which companies are considered based on their own merit, without regard for the sectors they are part of, or the current economic conditions.

Business Day

A day other than a Saturday or Sunday on which banks are open for general banking business in Sydney, NSW.

Constitution

The document which describes the rights, responsibilities and beneficial interest of both investors and the Responsible Entity in relation to the Trust, as amended from time to time.

Corporations Act

The Australian Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), as amended from time to time.

Custodian and Administrator

BNP Paribas Securities Services (ARBN 149 440 291).

Emerging Markets

Developing countries with relatively low per capita income, often with above-average economic growth potential. Many Latin American, Eastern European and Asian countries are considered Emerging Markets.

Gross Asset Value (GAV)

The value of assets of the Trust.

IDPS

Investor-Directed Portfolio Service or investor-directed portfolio-like managed investment scheme. An IDPS is generally the vehicle through which an investor purchases a range of underlying investment options from numerous investment managers.

IDPS Operator

An entity that operates and offers an IDPS.

Indirect Investors

Individuals who invest in the Trust through an IDPS.

Net Asset Value (NAV)

The value of assets of the Trust, less the value of the liabilities of the Trust.

Retail Client

Persons or entities defined as such under section 761G of the Corporations Act.

US Person

A person so classified under securities or tax law in the United States of America (“US”) including, in broad terms, the following persons:

- (a) any citizen of, or natural person resident in, the US, its territories or possessions; or
- (b) any corporation or partnership organised or incorporated under any laws of or in the US or of any other jurisdiction if formed by a US Person (other than by accredited investors who are not natural persons, estates or trusts) principally for the purpose of investing in securities not registered under the US Securities Act of 1933; or
- (c) any agency or branch of a foreign entity located in the US; or
- (d) a pension plan primarily for US employees of a US Person; or

(e) a US collective investment vehicle unless not offered to US Persons; or

(f) any estate of which an executor or administrator is a US Person (unless an executor or administrator of the estate who is not a US Person has sole or substantial investment discretion over the assets of the estate and such estate is governed by non-US law) and all the estate income is non-US income not liable to US income tax; or

(g) any trust of which any trustee is a US Person (unless a trustee who is a professional fiduciary is a US Person and a trustee who is not a US Person has sole or substantial investment discretion over the assets of the trust and no beneficiary (or settlor, if the trust is revocable) of the trust is a US Person); or

(h) any discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary for the benefit or account of a US Person; or

(i) any non-discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary organised, incorporated or (if an individual) resident in the US for the benefit or account of a US Person.

We, us

Refers to Equity Trustees.

Wholesale Client

Persons or entities defined as such under section 761G of the Corporations Act.